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No. 14.

Gettysburg.

At the Sunday school and preaching service in our M. E. church the requirement of the President's proclamation was observed for world's peace and end of the European war.

Yesterday seemed to be auto day for owners of the vehicle. They were unusually busy. I do not think it would be any exaggeration to say that hundreds passed through our village yesterday loaded with pleasure seekers or joy riders.

I had supposed that hold ups and like crimes were committed at places distant from here, until last Wednesday night shortly after dark and on the highway a short distance north of our village two persons were held up by a couple of young negroes. From the one they got two cents and from the other about \$1.50. The latter they shot twice, first through the arm and second through the thigh, inflicting serious flesh wounds. Van Wilcox was the victim of the shooting and is recovering nicely from it. The negroes escaped and have not since been apprehended so far as ye scribe knows.

N. Wilcox and wife of Palestine were guests of his brother, P. A. Wilcox, and wife, of this vicinity over Saturday and yesterday.

Miss Lizzie Moul of Pleasant Hill was a visitor here yesterday with relatives.

Walter Burnett spent yesterday with relatives in Greenville.

H. M. Dershem attended a prohibition meeting yesterday at Hillgrove and heard Rev. Flory of the Covington Brethren church. J. M. Moul and family and Mrs. Mary J. Coburn made an auto visit to relatives in Muncie, Ind., Saturday and Sunday.

The grading of our new street is completed and it is now getting its coat of gravel and at the progress made it will be completed within a short time.

Roy Coburn and P. B. Miller made a business trip to the city by auto.

The dry voters of this township have organized and are holding meetings every Friday evening, to which everybody is invited, until election day. The purpose is two-fold, viz: First, to adopt prohibition, and second, to down the wet amendment to the constitution, which is labelled home rule in relation to the liquor traffic, as if we had no such provision under the present regime. The Rose law furnishes all, and more, than is needed by a referendum of the question to a vote of the people to determine the question whether the rule shall be wet or dry, but this it seems is not enough to suit the wishes of the wet people. An examination of what they submit is not what the people might determine, but to so shape the fundamental law so that referendum in due time will become no referendum. They wish to push the matter to a condition where everybody can

rest in the assurance that the entire territory of our state shall be all wet beyond a possibility to change until changed by a new constitution, which occurs every fifty years, so that would mean a wet rule for nearly fifty years to come, as we have just passed an epoch of fifty years. That the adoption of the wet amendment would have such effect admits of no possibility of doubt. It is the most dastardly and infamous attempt to fasten the saloon upon the state, that was ever attempted under a guaze so apparent that the most stupid intellect ought to be able to discern it. Think of it, an attempt to tie the hands of the state or its people from legislating upon the subject, and if adopted, to wipe out by that one stroke of the pen legislation now upon the statute books forbidding the sale of intoxicating liquors to persons drunk or in the habit of getting drunk, to minors, from morning to night and from night to morning and thus continue from day in and day out, month in and month out, and year in and year out, without cessation, keeping the mill grinding, spreading drunkenness and all its attendant evils without remedy. This thing seems so monstrous to me that I cannot conceive how the voters of our state would think of committing such folly and wrong. I feel convinced they will do no such thing if informed of the effect of such voting. Let the voters who have any concern for the good name of the state and the welfare of the people vote no on this proposition and yes on the dry amendment proposed for adoption and all will be well, the escutcheon of our peerless state otherwise be saved and untarnished and a fit heritage to transmit to unborn generations.

Oct. 5.

Hopeless Lung Trouble Cured.

Many recoveries from lung troubles are due to Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It strengthens the lungs, checks the cough and gives relief at once. W. S. Wilkins, Gates, N. C., writes: "I used Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey in a case given up as hopeless and it effected a complete cure." Get a bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. If your cough is dry and hacking let it trickle down the throat, you will surely get relief. Only 25c at your druggist.

Why Suffer with Piles?

Hemorrhoids make your life miserable. Dr. Kutchin, the well-known specialist, cures piles without the knife. No pain, no danger, no detention from your daily business. You won't have to put in two or three weeks in the hospital. Come and see me. I will be glad to refer you to my cured patients. No sense or reason in suffering longer.

Dr. Kutchin's next visit to Greenville, will be on Thursday, Oct. 15, at the Hotel James. Consultation, examination and advice free. Adv

A vote for Garford for U. S. Senator is half a vote for Tim Hogan.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

PROBATE COURT.

Last will of Rebecca Miller was filed for probate and record. Inventory and appraisal filed in estate of Harvey F. Baker. Emma Baker, widow, elected to take under the will of her late husband.

Inventory filed in estate of Christian Beutler.

Last will of Christopher Armistead was filed for probate and record.

Application filed in guardianship of Dorsey V. Mann.

Report on title to real estate filed in case of J. W. Snyder, guardian, versus Harry L. Snyder and others.

Last will of Conrad Stump was admitted to probate and record. Michael Stump was appointed executor under said will; bond \$30,000.

Application filed for appointment of a guardian for Elizabeth Hart.

First account filed in guardianship of Leo Marchal and others. Sale bill returned in estate of Callie Birt.

Account of final distribution filed in estate of Ralph Dewese.

First and final account filed in estate of Samuel Jackson.

First and final account filed in guardianship of Susan Westfall.

First and final account filed in estate of Frank Jones.

Earl E. Young was appointed administrator of estate of Benjamin Young; bond \$2000.

Cora M. Landis was appointed executrix of estate of Andrew J. Landis, without bond.

L. E. Metzear was appointed guardian of Elizabeth Hart, an imbecile; bond \$2000.

First and final account filed in estate of Rosanna Noggle.

Application filed for appointment of trustee of estate of Landis J. Arnold, under will of Andrew J. Landis. George F. Crawford was appointed as such trustee; bond \$6000.

First account filed in guardianship of John Bruey and others.

Inventory and appraisal filed in estate of Constant Mougerville.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Isaac Compton, 32, railroad worker, son of Miller Compton, and Catherine O. Midlam, 18, Ansonia, daughter of Wm. Midlam.

Lee McCullum, 23, laborer, Winchester, Ind., and Anna Mullen, 19, Union City, daughter of Wm. Mullen.

Virgil A. Troutwine, 23, farmer, Jackson township, son of Samuel Troutwine, and Pearl Foreman, 19, Jackson township, daughter of John Foreman.

Robert O. Clark, 42, tobacco worker, and Mrs. Amanda Crocker, 49, both of Greenville.

Forest H. Horner, 28, farmer, Adams township, son of R. C. Horner, and Grace C. Barnhart, 24, Greenville, daughter of Geo. Barnhart.

Carl D. Miller, 26, bank cash-

ier, Eldorado, son of Isaac Miller, and Myrtle M. Snyder, 20, Butler township, daughter of Joshua Snyder.

Walter A. Baumgardner, 22, civil engineer, Greenville, son of A. J. Baumgardner, and M. Grace Garland, 21, Greenville, daughter of Albert Garland.

COMMON PLEAS COURT.

NEW CASES.

20408—Block Ring Co. versus D. D. Elliott; to recover \$275.62.

20409—Ellis L. Coburn versus Capitola B. Coburn; for divorce, gross neglect charged.

20410—Charles Earhart versus Ama Earhart; for divorce, gross neglect charged.

20411—L. A. Nauss versus Delbert Wilson and others; to settle and register title.

REGISTER OF DEEDS.

George W. Mannix, Jr. to The Ross Supply Co., part lot 1044 in Greenville, \$400.

Rebecca Miller to Estevan Lawrence and others, 115 acres in Harrison township, \$750.

Adella Buck to John W. Midlam, a small tract in Mississinewa township, \$850.

Harvey F. Baker to Russell O. Baker, 20 acres in Monroe township, \$3200.

Frances Wampler and others to Charles I. Williamson, 50 acres in Jackson township, \$6500.

Charles I. Williamson to Geo. S. Wampler and others, 50 acres in Jackson township, \$6500.

Emily I. Davison and others to Ezra Ulery, lot 240 in Ansonia, \$3600.

John T. Warren to John H. Penny, part lot 30 in Hillgrove, \$2100.

J. W. Minton to J. W. Nixon, 10 acres in Brown township, \$1500.

J. W. Nixon to J. W. Minton, 792 acres in Brown township, \$7000.

Margaret M. Reed to Henry Rehmert, lot 15 in Pikeville, \$1100.

Frank Dill to Margaret M. Reed, part lot 12 in Pikeville, \$1000.

J. W. Weed to Frank Dill, lot 3 in Pikeville, \$425.

St. Paul's Reformed Church of Greenville to Flora M. Baker, part lot 37 in Greenville, \$6000.

Levi Gilbert to Simon Cassell, quit claim to 110 acres in Adams township, \$1.

J. W. Riegle and others to Leta Corwin, 46 acres in York township, \$2600.

Charlotte J. Elliott to Lurton A. Emrick, 21 acres in Wayne township, \$550.

E. J. Bryant to W. D. Brumbaugh, lot 1642 in Greenville, \$250.

Judge of Probate Court.

Nominated by petition, I am a candidate for Judge of the Probate Court of Darke County, Ohio, at the November, 1914, election, non-partisan judicial ballot. I solicit the support of all voters who desire an HONEST and EFFICIENT administration of the affairs of this Court.

Respectfully,

O. R. KRICKENBERGER.

"COXOCRATIC" EXTRAVAGANCE IS ALMOST BEYOND BELIEF

State Fire Marshal's Office Costing the State Nearly One Hundred Thousand Dollars Annually.

An Evidence of the Spending of the People's Money to Maintain a Large Force of Cox Henchmen—Another Part of the Pernicious Political Machine.

Columbus.—The act creating the department of state fire marshal was passed by the legislature of April 16, 1900. The maintenance of this department is derived from a tax of one-half per cent on the gross premium receipts of all the fire insurance companies doing business in Ohio. The salary of the state fire marshal is fixed by statute at \$3,000 per year, first deputy \$1,800 and the second deputy at \$1,500. The statute gives the state fire marshal authority to employ such clerks and assistants and incur such expense as may be necessary in the performance of his office. June 1, 1906, D. S. Creamer (Democrat) was appointed state fire marshal by Gov. Pattison and operated the department during that year with 27 employees. The department was located in one room in the state house and his pay roll consisted of the three statutory officials of fire marshal of \$3,000, first deputy \$1,800, and second deputy \$1,500, a chief assistant at \$2,000, a pyrologist at \$1,500, one assistant at \$1,500, two assistants at \$1,400, four assistants at \$1,200, five assistants at \$1,000, seven assistants at \$900, one assistant at \$600, and two stenographers at \$600 each, a total pay roll of \$32,000.

Going Up.

June 5, 1908, when Mr. Creamer was succeeded by Mr. Rodgers, he had increased his payroll with but two additional assistants. Outside the statutory salaries he had on the payroll one chief assistant at \$2,000, a pyrologist at \$1,500, one assistant at \$1,600, four assistants at \$1,400, two assistants at \$1,400, six assistants at \$1,200, eight assistants at \$1,000, one assistant at \$900 and two stenographers at \$720 each, making a total pay roll of \$37,840 for 29 employees.

Extravagance Under Cox.

Under the present administration as shown by the pay roll for September approved by the department we find the statutory salaries officers, a statistician at \$1,200, an assistant statistician at \$900, a chief clerk and stenographer at \$1,500, a chief inspector at \$1,500, one electrician at \$1,500, four assistants at \$1,500 each, one assistant at \$1,350, one assistant at \$1,300, 24 assistants at \$1,200 each, four stenographers at \$900 each, two stenographers at \$720 each, a messenger at \$720, making a total paid in salaries of \$58,820 for 46 employees. Then there is a vacancy at the present time in the employees of a chief assistant at a salary of \$2,400 and a recording clerk whose salary is not given. In fact, making the total number of employees 47 and a total pay roll of over \$62,000 or within \$5,000 of the total receipts of the department. The traveling expenses and all other expenses of operating the department are over and above this pay roll and indicate a most extravagant expenditure of the money paid in by insurance companies in the operation of this office and a violation of the statute creating the office which specifically states the department shall be operated from the sum paid into the state treasury from the tax levy on fire insurance premiums.

In 1912 the Hon. John W. Zuber was at the head of the department and operated it with 31 employees, showing the record number of convictions in the history of the department in 1911 of 85, and 72 in 1912. The highest number of convictions under any former administration was that of Mr. Creamer in 1907, when he succeeded in making 72.

Spend Money as He Pleases. As compared with Mr. Creamer's administration, the present Cox regime shows another department extravagantly squandering the money taxed against fire insurance companies, but in reality coming from each and every person in the state of Ohio who holds a fire insurance policy. The appropriations for this department not being made specifically by the legislature, but the fire marshal receiving the entire amount in one lump sum to be handled by him for any purpose and in any manner he may see fit, gives the Cox machine another splendid place to pack with Democratic henchmen that will be concealed from the public. While Mr. Creamer operated the department in a most economical and successful manner on a payroll of half that is being paid out today, we find he did it by paying salaries for assistants at \$900 and \$1,000 per year, but the pay several at \$1,500, with results no greater than under the former administration. Under Mr. Creamer's administration, in 1908, \$11,064.32 of receipts were turned into the general revenue fund of the state from receipts of the department on a total of \$1,000 less receipts than paid in 1913. But under the present flagrant expenditure of the people's money in packing departments with machine men at fat salaries almost the entire receipts goes to pay the freight of the "faithful" who must keep the machine going throughout the state.

Funds Misapplied.

Stenographic work that was done

ECONOMY CLAIMS RIDDLED BY FACTS

STATISTICAL STATEMENT THAT MAKES GOV. COX'S ASSERTIONS LOOK RIDICULOUS.

Administration's Record As Shown By Figures Is Evidently the Most Extravagant in the History of Ohio.

Columbus.—Gov. Cox is claiming that his administration is an economical one. The following brief statistical statement refutes his claim:

State Expenditures (Gen. Rev. Fund)	
1893 (Under McKinley)	\$ 6,190,229.00
1901 (Under Cox)	14,882,868.00
1901 (Under Nash)	7,873,615.78
1902 (Under Nash)	7,967,903.37
1903 (Under Nash)	8,836,236.87
1904 (Under Nash)	8,886,497.55
1906 (Under Herrick)	9,338,390.84
1907 (Under Harris)	9,555,821.69
1908 (Under Harris)	11,515,588.88
1909 (Under Harmon)	12,135,967.78
1910 (Under Harmon)	12,074,835.44
1911 (Under Harmon)	12,932,343.97
1912 (Under Harmon)	13,122,180.63
1913 (Under Cox)	14,882,868.00
1914 (Under Cox)	?

The expenses of the different departments of the state were:

1912	\$ 9,705,877.00
1913	11,254,910.00

This shows an increase of \$1,549,233 in the first year of the administration of Gov. Cox, as compared with the last year of Gov. Harmon, in departmental expenses alone.

Cox Some Spender.

In one year Gov. Cox came within spending \$3,609,231 as much as Gov. McKinley spent in four years. He also came within spending \$6,664,662 in one year as much as Gov. Bushnell spent in four years; and within \$9,339,875 in one year as much as Gov. Nash spent in four years.

When Mr. Herrick, the last Republican governor to have been elected as such—for gallant old General Harris became the chief executive through the untimely death of Mr. Pattison—went out of office, there was only ONE man appointed by the governor receiving as high a salary as \$4,000 a year. Gov. Cox has appointed TWENTY-THREE men, each with a fixed salary of either \$5,000 or \$6,000 a year; and there are a number of others with salaries between \$4,000 and \$5,000.

TURNER GETS BACK AT COX.

Makes it Plain Who is Entitled to Chief Seat in the Annanias Club.

Columbus.—The following reply to one of the numerous Cox publicity bureaus, which the taxpayers of Ohio are supporting, either directly or indirectly, has been made by Prosecuting Attorney Edward C. Turner, Republican candidate for attorney general:

"The Annanias club, Baron Munchausen and that mole St. Nicholas person will all have to take back seats and make way for the Finley press bureau. The instances are too numerous to cite, but this last one is really laughable. A few days ago Gov. Cox gave out an interview at Akron stating that I was allied with a certain anti-Cox Democratic politician whom the governor branded as a lobbyist. I promptly denied the 'soft impeachment,' adding that the governor well knew the falsity of such a charge, and called upon the governor to prosecute the lobbyist referred to if he had any evidence on him. Nothing further was heard from his excellency, but the Finley bureau promptly 'canned' an editorial and sent it post haste to the press. A few sheets that listen to their master's voice began grating the 'record,' announcing in substance that the Republican candidate for attorney general had repudiated the Republican candidate for governor.

"I am endeavoring to arrange the work of my office so that I can give some time to the campaign and I propose to do all in my power to overthrow Cox and Coxism in the state of Ohio by the election of Frank B. Willis. EDWARD C. TURNER."

APOLOGY IS "NOT ACCEPTED."

Which Goes to Prove That Cox Cannot Fool the Traveling Salesmen of the State.

Upper Sandusky.—A prominent traveling salesman, who has been a Democrat all his life, declared yesterday that upwards of 40,000 traveling salesmen, who two years ago voted for Cox, will this year vote for Frank B. Willis, on account of the insult published recently in the two papers owned by Gov. Cox.

"The belated apology of the governor is doing him more harm than good," said the traveling salesman, who is known all over the state, and declines to permit the use of his name. "In every hotel the waste baskets are filled with the pamphlets which the Cox publicity bureau sent out containing the Cox apology. In one hotel I myself saw the proprietor, who is a Democrat, tear a Cox lithograph off his wall.

"The resentment among the traveling men over this insult of the governor is very intense and, take it from me, the traveling men and their friends will cause his sure defeat."